MDINIDUAL

THOMAS ALLEYNE'S HIGH SCHOOL

Chemistry:

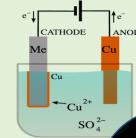
LEARNING JOURNEY

In the summer term students take their GCSE exams. For combined science students this will involve to two 70 mark question papers

Paper 1 – Atomic Structure and the Periodic Table, Bonding, structure and properties of matter, Quantitative Chemistry, Chemical Changes and Energy Changes

Paper 2 – The rate and extent of chemical change, Organic Chemistry, Chemical Analysis, Chemistry of the Atmosphere and Using resources

In the final term of year 11 we use students previous assessments to revisit areas of weakness for revision and use past paper questions to practice a prepare students for the upcoming GCSE exams.



CEIAG 6th Form

interviews take place Jan of Y11

Chemical Changes

In the final topic of the course students look at the chemical reactions between metals, acids and bases. This will include redox and neutralisation reactions. Finally students look at electrolysis and learn to predict the products of electrolysis of solutions. This topic provides more excellent opportunities for practical work and includes multiple

6TH FORM

POST-16 **PATHWAY** **Final Exams**

Revision and Past Paper Practice

> In Year 11 students will learn the quantitative aspects of Chemistry, including the conservation of mass, and relative formula mass. Students will use a range of numerical

reasoning skills to problem solve and make

predictions

Mock Exam

required practical activities.



unknowns. This topic provides

excellent opportunities to foster

The Earth provides us with many valuable resources, from water to metals. During this topic students will learn how these resources are processed so that we can use them. Students then go on to learn how we can use these resources more sustainably, how industry uses life cycle assessments to help make resource choices, and possible future alternatives to our current resource extraction methods and uses.

> Using the Earth's Resources

Year

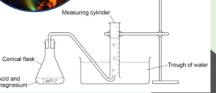
Quantitative Chemistry

Organic **Chemistry**

Students then move on to learning about the formation and composition of crude oil, how it is separated by fractional distillation and supply and demand is met using cracking.

scientific curiosity to develop practical skills

Chemical Analysis



Students will learn about reversible reactions, and how according to Le Chatelier's principle changing reaction conditions can affect the yield of

chemical product.

Students move on to learn about

how are atmosphere was formed.

We compare the atmosphere

today to the atmosphere billions of

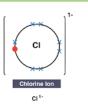
year ago, and explain the

processes that caused these

changes.

reaction in the bonding topic, they move on to learn the factors that will affect how fast a chemical reactions occur. Students learn to explain how and why changing a range of conditions will change the rate of a reaction. This topic includes more of the GCSE required practical activities, with lots of opportunities for practical investigation.

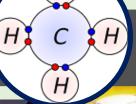
Once students have learned why atoms



Students will use the knowledge of the structure of the atom and periodic table that they acquired in year 9 to learn how atoms combine together. Students will be able to draw diagrams to represent ionic, covalent and metallic bonding, be able to describe the structures and use the structure and bonding to explain the properties of materials.

Year

Rates of Reaction and Equilibria



Bonding, Structure and **Properties of Matter**



Students will learn about the energy changes that take place in chemical reactions, with both exothermic and endothermic reactions. It is at this time that students will take on their first GCSE required practical.

Finally in Y9 look at chemical energy changes in a different context, with cells and batteries. understanding how the chemical reactions can produce energy.

The Changing **Atmosphere**

> Student will learn to use a Chemist's most valuable tool. the periodic table. Studying the influential scientists and the discoveries that they made along the way, that led to the periodic table as we now know it. Students will then move on to learning about the properties and reactions of some of key groups, 1, 7 and 0.

Air Pollution and **Climate Change**

> Once students have studied how the atmosphere has changed up to present day, its is time to look forward and consider the effect that humans are now having on the atmosphere. In this part of the topic students learn about greenhouse gases, and global warming, acid rain and other atmospheric pollution.

Energy Changes



Energy 1 energy products

Time

The Periodic Table

The Atom

Students will learn about the current scientific model of the atom including the electron structure and moving on to ion formation and isotopes. These are the foundations that so much of the subject of Chemistry is built on and is the fundamental theory behind many chemical reactions.



WELCOME

Students will begin their journey in chemistry by learning how matter is broken down into elements and compounds. They will then head back in time to discover the history behind the development of the model of the atom.

Year

Y8 Taster Sessions / **Transition days**



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